

# **Greenor Gold**

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Corteva Agriscience™ encourages you and expects you to read and understand the entire SDS as there is important information throughout the document. This SDS provides users with information relating to the protection of human health and safety at the workplace, protection of the environment and supports emergency response. Product users and applicators should primarily refer to the product label attached to or accompanying the product container. This Safety Data Sheet adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of Great Britain and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Greenor Gold

Unique Formula Identifier :

(UFI)

: WYS3-D04J-E008-J9X8

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub- : Plant Protection Product

stance/Mixture Herbicide

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

### **COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

Manufacturer/importer

Corteva Agriscience UK Ltd CPC2 CAPITAL PARK

FULBOURN CAMBRIDGE - England - CB21 5XE

UNITED KINGDOM

Customer Information :

: +44 8006 89 8899

Number

E-mail address : SDS@corteva.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone

24-Hour Emergency Contact : +44 161 88 41235 Local Emergency Contact : +44 161 88 41235

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Aspiration hazard, Category 1 H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters air-

ways.

Skin irritation, Category 2 H315: Causes skin irritation.

Skin sensitization, Category 1 H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

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Eye irritation, Category 2 H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Acute toxicity, Category 4 H332: Harmful if inhaled. Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Cate-H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

gory 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Cat-

egory 1

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting

effects.

#### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labeling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :

**!**><





Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Supplemental Hazard

Statements

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the envi-

ronment, comply with the instructions for use.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protective

tion/ face protection.

Response:

P301 + P310+ P331 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and

keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardouswaste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous

waste.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.



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# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.2 Mixtures

# Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO)	81406-37-3 279-752-9 607-272-00-5	Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	14.28
clopyralid (ISO)	1702-17-6 216-935-4 607-231-00-1	Eye Dam. 1; H318 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	7.7
florasulam (ISO)	145701-23-1 613-230-00-7	Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	0.24
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, <1% naphthalene	Not Assigned 01-2119451097-39- 0008, 01- 2119451097-39- 0009, 01- 2119451097-39- 0010	Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	>= 40 - < 50
Reaction mass of N,N- dimethyldecan-1-amide and N,N- dimethyloctanamide	Not Assigned 01-2119974115-37	Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system)	>= 10 - < 20
Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13- branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts	68953-96-8 273-234-6 01-2119964467-24	Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	>= 3 - < 10
hexan-1-ol	111-27-3 203-852-3 603-059-00-6 01-2119487967-12	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Acute Tox. 4; H302 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system)	>= 1 - < 3
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene	1189173-42-9 01-2119463583-34- 0008, 01- 2119463583-34- 0009, 01- 2119463583-34- 0010	STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system) Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	>= 1 - < 2.5

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.



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#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first-aid measures

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection

and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical re-

sistant gloves, splash protection).

If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific

personal protective equipment.

If inhaled : Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an

emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment

advice.

If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qual-

ified personnel.

In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with

plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center

or doctor for treatment advice.

Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be available

in work area.

In case of eye contact : Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-

20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control

center or doctor for treatment advice.

Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be available in

work area.

If swallowed : Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. Do not

induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None known.

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and

other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis, reac-

tive airways dysfunction syndrome).

Maintain adequate ventilation and oxygenation of the patient. May cause asthma-like (reactive airways) symptoms. Bronchodilators, expectorants, antitussives and corticosteroids

may be of help.

Respiratory symptoms, including pulmonary edema, may be delayed. Persons receiving significant exposure should be observed 24-48 hours for signs of respiratory distress.

If burn is present, treat as any thermal burn, after decontami-

nation.



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If lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophageal control. Danger from lung aspiration must be weighed against toxicity when considering emptying the stomach. The decision of whether to induce vomiting or not should be

made by a physician. No specific antidote.

Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of

symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

Have the Safety Data Sheet, and if available, the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or

doctor, or going for treatment.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Carbon oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment:

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Further information : Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.



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#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Ensure adequate ventilation.

Use personal protective equipment.

Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or

oil barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, undwater. See

Section 12, Ecological Information.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorb-

ant.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items

employed in.

For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can

be pumped,

Recovered material should be stored in a vented container. The vent must prevent the ingress of water as further reaction with spilled materials can take place which could lead to over-

pressurization of the container.

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Neutralize with chalk, alkali solution or ammonia.

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional infor-

mation.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Local/Total ventilation : Use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Avoid formation of aerosol.



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Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.

Do not breathe vapors/dust.

Do not smoke.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.

Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep container tightly closed.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Store in a closed container. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep in properly labeled containers. Store in accordance

with the particular national regulations.

Advice on common storage : Do not store near acids.

Strong oxidizing agents

Packaging material : Unsuitable material: None known.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

### **Engineering measures**

Use engineering controls to maintain airborne level below exposure limit requirements or guidelines.

If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use only with adequate ventilation.

Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

### Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Use chemical goggles.

Chemical goggles should be consistent with EN 166 or

equivalent.

Hand protection

Remarks : Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard

EN374: Protective gloves against chemicals and microorganisms. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Styrene/butadiene rubber. Viton. Examples of acceptable



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glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Chlorinated polyethylene. Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 4 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 120 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 1 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 10 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. Glove thickness alone is not a good indicator of the level of protection a glove provides against a chemical substance as this level of protection is also highly dependent on the specific composition of the material that the glove is fabricated from. The thickness of the glove must, depending on model and type of material, generally be more than 0.35 mm to offer sufficient protection for prolonged and frequent contact with the substance. As an exception to this general rule it is known that multilayer laminate gloves may offer prolonged protection at thicknesses less than 0.35 mm. Other glove materials with a thickness of less than 0.35 mm may offer sufficient protection when only brief contact is expected. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Skin and body protection : Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material.

Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron,

or full body suit will depend on the task.

Respiratory protection : Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a poten-

tial to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or

guidelines, use an approved respirator.

Selection of air-purifying or positive-pressure supplied-air will depend on the specific operation and the potential airborne

concentration of the material.

For emergency conditions, use an approved positive-pressure

self-contained breathing apparatus.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : liquid

Color : Yellow to brown Odor : Aromatic

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : 2.49 (23.7 °C)

Method: CIPAC MT 75 (1% aqueous suspension)



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Melting point/range : No data available

Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

Flash point : ca. 100 °C

Method: Pensky-Martens Closed Cup ASTM D 93

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

: No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

: No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available
Autoignition temperature : none below 400 degC

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : 7.8 cSt (40 °C)

Explosive properties : No

Oxidizing properties : No

9.2 Other information

Surface tension : 36.1 mN/m, 25 °C

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Stable under normal conditions.

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

No hazards to be specially mentioned.

None known.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : None known.



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10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong acids

Strong bases

None.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information** 

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** 

**Components:** 

fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 1.16 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: Maximum attainable concentration.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

clopyralid (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration., The LC50 value is greater than the Maximum Attainable Concen-

tration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity



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florasulam (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 6,000 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.0 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Acute inhalation toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 4.778 mg/l

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: For similar material(s):

 $\label{lem:lem:norm} \textbf{Reaction mass of N,N-dimethyldecan-1-amide and N,N-dimethyloctanamide:}$ 

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 3.551 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Acute oral toxicity : Remarks: Low toxicity if swallowed.

Small amounts swallowed incidentally as a result of normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury; however,

swallowing larger amounts may cause injury.

LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD 401 or equivalent

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-



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icity

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: Prolonged or widespread skin contact may result in

absorption of potentially harmful amounts.

LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 1,000 - < 1,600 mg/kg

Method: OECD 402 or equivalent Remarks: For similar material(s):

hexan-1-ol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 3,210 mg/kg

Remarks: Observations in animals include: May cause central nervous system depression.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 21 mg/l

Exposure time: 1 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 2,530 mg/kg

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4.688 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: For similar material(s): Maximum attainable concentration.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Skin corrosion/irritation

**Product:** 

Result : Skin irritation

**Components:** 

fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation



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Reaction mass of N,N-dimethyldecan-1-amide and N,N-dimethyloctanamide:

Species : Rabbit Result : Skin irritation

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Result : Skin irritation

hexan-1-ol:

Result : Mild skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

**Product:** 

Result : Eye irritation

**Components:** 

clopyralid (ISO):

Species : Rabbit Result : Corrosive

Reaction mass of N,N-dimethyldecan-1-amide and N,N-dimethyloctanamide:

Species : Rabbit Result : Corrosive

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Result : Corrosive

hexan-1-ol:

Result : Eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Product:** 

Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitization.

**Components:** 

fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):

Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitization.

clopyralid (ISO):

Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitization.



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florasulam (ISO):

Remarks : Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea

pigs.

Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Remarks : For similar material(s):

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea

pigs.

Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Reaction mass of N,N-dimethyldecan-1-amide and N,N-dimethyloctanamide:

Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitization.

Remarks : For similar material(s):

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Remarks : For skin sensitization:

For similar material(s):

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea

pigs.

Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

hexan-1-ol:

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitization.

Remarks : Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea

pigs.

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in humans.

Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Remarks : For similar material(s):

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea

pigs.

Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Components:** 

fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):



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Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative., Animal genetic

toxicity studies were negative.

clopyralid (ISO):

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative., Animal genetic

toxicity studies were negative.

florasulam (ISO):

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative., Animal genetic

toxicity studies were negative.

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

For similar material(s):, In vitro genetic toxicity studies were

negative., Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Reaction mass of N,N-dimethyldecan-1-amide and N,N-dimethyloctanamide:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

: In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

For similar material(s):, In vitro genetic toxicity studies were

negative., Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

hexan-1-ol:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative., Animal genetic

toxicity studies were negative.

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

: For similar material(s):, In vitro genetic toxicity studies were

negative., Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Carcinogenicity

Components:

fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

For similar active ingredient(s)., Fluroxypyr., Did not cause

cancer in laboratory animals.

clopyralid (ISO):

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

florasulam (ISO):

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Contains naphthalene which has caused cancer in some laboratory animals., However, the relevance of this to humans is

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unknown.

hexan-1-ol:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Did not cause cancer in animal skin painting studies.

Reproductive toxicity

**Components:** 

fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother., Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

clopyralid (ISO):

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction. Clopyralid caused birth defects in test animals, but only at greatly exaggerated doses that were severely toxic to the mothers. No birth defects were observed in animals given clopyralid at doses several times greater than those expected during normal exposure.

florasulam (ISO):

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Did not cause birth defects or other effects in the fetus even at

doses which caused toxic effects in the mother.

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

For similar material(s):, Did not cause birth defects or any

other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

Reaction mass of N,N-dimethyldecan-1-amide and N,N-dimethyloctanamide:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

For similar material(s):, Did not cause birth defects or any

other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: For similar material(s):, In animal studies, did not interfere with

reproduction.

For similar material(s):, Did not cause birth defects or any

other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

hexan-1-ol:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction. Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Reproductive toxicity - As- : In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.



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sessment For similar material(s):, Did not cause birth defects or any

other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

STOT-single exposure

**Product:** 

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

**Components:** 

clopyralid (ISO):

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Reaction mass of N,N-dimethyldecan-1-amide and N,N-dimethyloctanamide:

Routes of exposure : Inhalation

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Assessment : Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure

specific target organ toxicity.

hexan-1-ol:

Routes of exposure : Oral

Target Organs : Central nervous system

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Routes of exposure : Inhalation

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure

**Product:** 

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-RE toxicant.

Repeated dose toxicity

**Components:** 

fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

pated to cause significant adverse effects.



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clopyralid (ISO):

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

pated to cause additional significant adverse effects.

florasulam (ISO):

Remarks : In animals, effects have been reported on the following or-

gans: Kidney.

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

pated to cause significant adverse effects.

Reaction mass of N,N-dimethyldecan-1-amide and N,N-dimethyloctanamide:

Remarks : For similar material(s):

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

pated to cause significant adverse effects.

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Remarks : For similar material(s):

In animals, effects have been reported on the following or-

gans: Kidney.

hexan-1-ol:

Remarks : In animals, effects have been reported on the following or-

gans:

Gastrointestinal tract.

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

pated to cause additional significant adverse effects.

**Aspiration toxicity** 

**Product:** 

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Components:** 

fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

clopyralid (ISO):

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.



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#### florasulam (ISO):

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

#### Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Reaction mass of N,N-dimethyldecan-1-amide and N,N-dimethyloctanamide:

May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

#### hexan-1-ol:

May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

#### **Product:**

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 6.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3.1

mg/l

End point: Biomass Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

ErC50 (Lemna gibba): 0.42 mg/l End point: Growth rate inhibition

Exposure time: 7 d

ErC50 (diatom Navicula sp.): 1.7 mg/l

End point: Biomass Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50: 248.21 mg/kg Exposure time: 14 d

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms)

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

oral LD50: > 2250 mg/kg bodyweight.

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)



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oral LD50:  $> 86.7 \mu g/bee$  Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

contact LD50:  $> 200 \mu g/bee$ 

Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

**Ecotoxicology Assessment** 

Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Components:** 

fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Material is very toxic to aquatic organisms

(LC50/EC50/IC50 below 1 mg/L in the most sensitive spe-

cies).

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 0.225 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.183 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (diatom Navicula sp.): 0.24 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

EbC50 (alga Scenedesmus sp.): > 0.47 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

ErC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): > 1.410

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

ErC50 (Myriophyllum spicatum): 0.075 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

NOEC (Myriophyllum spicatum): 0.031 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

10

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- : NOEC: 0.32 mg/l



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icity) Species: Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50: > 1,000 mg/kg

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms)

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

: Remarks: Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute

basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg).

Material is practically non-toxic to birds on a dietary basis

(LC50 > 5000 ppm).

oral LD50: > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight.

Exposure time: 5 d

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

dietary LC50: > 5000 mg/kg diet.

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

oral LD50: > 100 micrograms/bee

Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

contact LD50: > 100 micrograms/bee

Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

**Ecotoxicology Assessment** 

Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

clopyralid (ISO):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 99.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

NOEC (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): > 102 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 99 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Myriophyllum spicatum): > 3 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

NOEC (Myriophyllum spicatum): 0.0089 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

ErC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 30.0 mg/l

End point: Growth rate inhibition

Exposure time: 72 h



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Toxicity to microorganisms : (Bacteria): > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 10.8 mg/l End point: Other

Exposure time: 34 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 17 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211 or Equivalent

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

10

LC50: > 1,000 mg/kg Exposure time: 14 d End point: survival

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms)

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

oral LD50: 1465 mg/kg bodyweight.

Species: Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)

dietary LC50: > 5000 mg/kg diet.

Exposure time: 8 d

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

oral LD50: > 100 micrograms/bee

Exposure time: 48 h End point: mortality

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

contact LD50: > 98.1 micrograms/bee

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

**Ecotoxicology Assessment** 

Acute aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

florasulam (ISO):

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Material is very toxic to aquatic organisms

(LC50/EC50/IC50 below 1 mg/L in the most sensitive spe-

cies).

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 292 mg/l



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aquatic invertebrates Exposure time: 48 h

Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):

0.00894 mg/l

End point: Growth rate inhibition

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

EC50 (Myriophyllum spicatum): > 0.305 mg/l

End point: Growth inhibition

Exposure time: 14 d

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

100

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 119 mg/l

End point: mortality Exposure time: 28 d

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Test Type: flow-through test

NOEC: > 2.9 mg/l End point: Other Exposure time: 33 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Test Type: flow-through test

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 38.90 mg/l End point: growth

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: semi-static test

MATC (Maximum Acceptable Toxicant Level): 50.2 mg/l

End point: growth Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: semi-static test

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

100

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50: > 1,320 mg/kg Exposure time: 14 d

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms)

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

Remarks: Material is slightly toxic to birds on an acute basis

(LD50 between 501 and 2000 mg/kg).

Material is practically non-toxic to birds on a dietary basis

(LC50 > 5000 ppm).

oral LD50: 1047 mg/kg bodyweight.

Species: Coturnix japonica (Japanese quail)



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dietary LC50: > 5,000 ppm

Exposure time: 8 d

Species: Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)

oral LD50: > 100 micrograms/bee

Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

contact LD50: > 100 micrograms/bee

Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Toxicity to fish Remarks: For similar material(s):

Material is toxic to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50 be-

tween 1 and 10 mg/L in the most sensitive species).

EC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 3.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: For similar material(s):

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 7.9

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: For similar material(s):

**Ecotoxicology Assessment** 

Chronic aquatic toxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Reaction mass of N,N-dimethyldecan-1-amide and N,N-dimethyloctanamide:

Toxicity to fish Remarks: Material is moderately toxic to aquatic organisms on

an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 1 and 10 mg/L in the

most sensitive species tested).

Remarks: Material is toxic to aquatic organisms

(LC50/EC50/IC50 between 1 and 10 mg/L in the most sensi-

tive species).

LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 14.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 7.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 16.06

Exposure time: 72 h



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**Ecotoxicology Assessment** 

Acute aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life.

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Material is harmful to aquatic organisms

(LC50/EC50/IC50 between 10 and 100 mg/L in the most sen-

sitive species).

LC50 (zebra fish (Brachydanio rerio)): 31.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 62 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 29 mg/l

End point: Growth rate inhibition

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): 550 mg/l

End point: Respiration rates.

Exposure time: 3 h

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 0.23 mg/l End point: survival

Exposure time: 72 d

Species: Rainbow trout (Salmo gairdneri)

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 1.18 mg/l

End point: number of offspring

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Remarks: For similar material(s):

hexan-1-ol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 97.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: flow-through test
Method: Other guidelines

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 201 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 79.7

mg/l

End point: Growth rate inhibition



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Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Protozoa): 300.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: For similar material(s):

Material is moderately toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 1 and 10 mg/L in the most sensi-

tive species tested).

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Material is toxic to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50 between 1 and 10 mg/L in the most sensitive species).

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2 - 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna): 3 - 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 11 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: For similar material(s):

**Ecotoxicology Assessment** 

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

#### Components:

fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):

Biodegradability : Result: Not biodegradable.

Remarks: Material is not readily biodegradable according to

OECD/EEC guidelines.

Biodegradation: 32 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Fail

ThOD : 2.2 kg/kg

Stability in water : Test Type: Hydrolysis

Degradation half life (half-life): 454 d

clopyralid (ISO):



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Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 5 - 10 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Fail

ThOD : 0.71 kg/kg

Stability in water : Test Type: Hydrolysis

pH: 4 - 9 Method: Stable

Photodegradation : Test Type: Half-life (direct photolysis)

florasulam (ISO):

Biodegradability : Result: Not biodegradable.

Remarks: Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready

biodegradability.

Biodegradation: 2 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Fail

Biochemical Oxygen De-

mand (BOD)

0.012 kg/kg

Incubation time: 5 d

ThOD : 0.85 kg/kg

Stability in water : Degradation half life: > 30 d

Photodegradation : Rate constant: 7.04E-11 cm3/s

Method: Estimated.

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Biodegradability : Remarks: For similar material(s):

Biodegradation may occur under aerobic conditions (in the

presence of oxygen).

Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biode-

gradable under environmental conditions.

Reaction mass of N,N-dimethyldecan-1-amide and N,N-dimethyloctanamide:

Biodegradability : Remarks: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD

test(s) for ready biodegradability.

Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: > 80 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Pass



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Chemical Oxygen Demand

(COD)

: 2.890 mg/g

#### Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready

biodegradability.

Biodegradation: 2.9 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301E or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Fail

hexan-1-ol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD

test(s) for ready biodegradability.

Concentration: 2 mg/l Biodegradation: 61 % Exposure time: 30 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Pass

Concentration: 5 mg/l Biodegradation: 77 % Exposure time: 30 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Pass

#### Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Biodegradability : Remarks: Material is inherently biodegradable (reaches >

20% biodegradation in OECD test(s) for inherent biodegrada-

bility).

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

#### **Components:**

fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):

Bioaccumulation : Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 26

Method: Measured

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

.

log Pow: 5.04 Method: Measured

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).



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clopyralid (ISO):

Bioaccumulation Species: Fish

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 1

Method: Measured

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -2.63

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

florasulam (ISO):

Bioaccumulation Species: Fish

> Exposure time: 28 d Temperature: 13 °C

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.8

Method: Measured

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -1.22

pH: 7.0

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Remarks: No data available for this product.

For similar material(s):

Bioconcentration potential is high (BCF > 3000 or Log Pow

between 5 and 7).

Reaction mass of N,N-dimethyldecan-1-amide and N,N-dimethyloctanamide:

Partition coefficient: nlog Pow: < 3.44 (20 °C)

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is moderate (BCF beoctanol/water

tween 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5).

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Partition coefficient: nlog Pow: 4.6

Method: OECD Test Guideline 107 or Equivalent octanol/water

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is moderate (BCF be-

tween 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5).

hexan-1-ol:

Partition coefficient: noctanol/water

log Pow: 1.8

Method: Measured

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Partition coefficient: n-Remarks: No data available for this product.



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octanol/water For similar material(s):

Bioconcentration potential is high (BCF > 3000 or Log Pow

between 5 and 7).

12.4 Mobility in soil

Components:

fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):

Distribution among environ-

: Koc: 6200 - 43000

mental compartments Remarks: Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc >

5000).

clopyralid (ISO):

Distribution among environ-

Koc: 4.9

mental compartments Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc be-

tween 0 and 50).

Test Type: aerobic degradation Stability in soil

Dissipation time: 71 d Method: Estimated.

florasulam (ISO):

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Koc: 4 - 54

Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc be-

tween 0 and 50).

Dissipation time: 0.7 - 4.5 d Stability in soil

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Remarks: No relevant data found.

Reaction mass of N,N-dimethyldecan-1-amide and N,N-dimethyloctanamide:

Distribution among environ-

Koc: 527.3

mental compartments

Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is low (Koc between 500

and 2000).

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

: Remarks: No relevant data found.

hexan-1-ol:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

: Koc: 8.3

Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc be-

tween 0 and 50).

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

: Remarks: No relevant data found.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment



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Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher...

**Components:** 

fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB)..

clopyralid (ISO):

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB)...

florasulam (ISO):

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB)..

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB)..

Reaction mass of N,N-dimethyldecan-1-amide and N,N-dimethyloctanamide:

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB)..

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB)..

hexan-1-ol:

Assessment : This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioac-

cumulation and toxicity (PBT)..

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB)..



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#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

**Product:** 

Endocrine disrupting poten-

tial

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

**Components:** 

fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

clopyralid (ISO):

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

florasulam (ISO):

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Reaction mass of N,N-dimethyldecan-1-amide and N,N-dimethyloctanamide:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C11-13-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

hexan-1-ol:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according



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to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number

ADR : UN 3082
RID : UN 3082
IMDG : UN 3082
IATA : UN 3082

#### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Fluroxypyr, Clopyralid)

RID : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Fluroxypyr, Clopyralid)

IMDG : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Fluroxypyr, Clopyralid)

**IATA** : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(Fluroxypyr, Clopyralid)

#### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

 ADR
 : 9

 RID
 : 9

 IMDG
 : 9

 IATA
 : 9

#### 14.4 Packing group

### **ADR**

Packing group : III
Classification Code : M6
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9
Tunnel restriction code : (-)



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**RID** 

Packing group : III
Classification Code : M6
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9

**IMDG** 

Packing group : III Labels : 9

EmS Code : F-A, S-F

Remarks : Stowage category A

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo : 964

aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y964
Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passen- : 964

ger aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y964
Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

14.5 Environmental hazards

**ADR** 

Environmentally hazardous : no

RID

Environmentally hazardous : no

**IMDG** 

Marine pollutant : yes

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Marine Pollutants assigned UN number 3077 and 3082 in single or combination packaging containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5L or less for liquids or having a net mass per single or inner packaging of 5 KG or less for solids may be transported as non-dangerous goods as provided in section 2.10.2.7 of IMDG code, IATA Special provision A197, and ADR/RID special provision 375.

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High : Not applicable



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Concern for Authorization (Article 59).

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation : Not applicable

(Annex XIV)

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that de- : Not applicable

plete the ozone layer

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollu- : naphthalene

tants (recast)

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parlia-

ment and the Council concerning the export and import

of dangerous chemicals

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Not applicable

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for this substance when it is used in the specified applications..

E1

The mixture is evaluated within the frame of the provisions of Regulation (EC) No. 1107/2009. Refer to the label for exposure assessment information.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **Information Source and References**

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

#### **Full text of H-Statements**

H226 : Flammable liquid and vapor.

H302 : Harmful if swallowed.

H304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 : Harmful in contact with skin. H315 : Causes skin irritation.

H318 : Causes serious eye damage.
H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 : May cause respiratory irritation.

H335 : May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H411Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Asp. Tox. : Aspiration hazard

Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage

Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation

Flam. Liq. : Flammable liquids

Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation

STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure



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ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN -Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS -Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP -Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL -International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified: NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration: NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA -Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### **Further information**

Other information : The data given in this Safety Data Sheet are recognized as

valid and approved by our company. The national Competent Authority has determined its classification based on other criteria. Our company abides by the applicable national decision and has therefore implemented the mandated classifications, however, the approved company data will still be pre-

sented.

#### Classification of the mixture:

#### Classification procedure:

Asp. Tox. 1	H304	Based on product data or assessment
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	Based on product data or assessment
Eye Irrit. 2	H319	Based on product data or assessment
Acute Tox. 4	H332	Based on product data or assessment
Aquatic Acute 1	H400	Based on product data or assessment
Aquatic Chronic 1	H410	Based on product data or assessment

Product code: GF-1374



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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

**GB / 6N**