## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name FUSION

## 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Use** Fungicide

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Supplier** Pan Amenity Ltd

8 Cromwell Mews Station Road, St Ives Cambridgeshire PE27 5HJ

Tel: 01480 467790

Email: info@panagriculture.co.uk

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone no.

24 Hour Emergency Contact (NPIS): 0844 8920111

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Reproductive toxicity: Category 2

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Acute aquatic toxicity: Category 1

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Category 1

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Hazard label for supply/use required.

## Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

- Tebuconazole
- Trifloxystrobin



**Signal word:** Warning **Hazard statements** 

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions

tor use.

EUH208 Contains Trifloxystrobin, 1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one, 5-chloro-2-methyl-isothiazol-3-

one/2-methyl-isothiazol-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

**Precautionary statements** 

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor/ physician.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or

collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as

non-hazardous waste.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

No other hazards known.

#### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

## 3.2 Mixtures

#### Chemical nature

Suspension concentrate (=flowable concentrate)(SC)

Trifloxystrobin/Tebuconazole 100:200 g/l

## **Hazardous components**

Hazard statements according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

| Name                     | CAS-No. /<br>EC-No. /<br>REACH Reg. No. | Classification<br>Regulation (EC) No<br>1272/2008                         | Conc. [%]           |
|--------------------------|---|---|---------------------|
| Tebuconazole             | 107534-96-3<br>403-640-2                | Aquatic Chronic 2,<br>H411<br>Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Repr. 2, H361d        | 18.2                |
| Trifloxystrobin          | 141517-21-7                             | Skin Sens. 1, H317<br>Aquatic Acute 1, H400<br>Aquatic Chronic 1,<br>H410 | 9.1                 |
| Fatty alcohol polyglycol | 61791-13-7                              | Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Eye Dam. 1, H318                                    | > 1.00 - <<br>25.00 |

| ether                 |            |                                |              |
|-----------------------|------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Ethoxylated           | 99734-09-5 | Aquatic Chronic 3, > 1.00 - <  |              |
| polyarylphenol        |            | H412                           | 25.00        |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-   | 2634-33-5  | Acute Tox. 4, H302 > 0.005 - < |              |
| 3(2H)-                | 220-120-9  | Skin Irrit. 2, H315            | 0.05         |
| one                   |            | Eye Dam. 1, H318               |              |
|                       |            | Aquatic Acute 1, H400          |              |
|                       |            | Skin Sens. 1, H317             |              |
| Mixture of 5-Chlor-2- | 55965-84-9 | Skin Corr. 1B, H314            | > 0.0002 - < |
| methyl-3(2H)-         |            | Aquatic Chronic 1,             | 0.0015       |
| isothiazolon          |            | H410                           |              |
| and 2-Methyl-         |            | Aquatic Acute 1, H400          |              |
| 2Hisothiazol-3-on     |            | Skin Sens. 1, H317             |              |
|                       |            | Acute Tox. 3, H301             |              |
|                       |            | Acute Tox. 3, H331             |              |
|                       |            | Acute Tox. 3, H311             |              |
| Urea                  | 57-13-6    | Not classified                 | > 1.00       |
|                       | 200-315-5  |                                |              |

#### **Further information**

| Trifloxystrobin | 141517-21-7 | M-Factor: 100 (acute) |
|-----------------|-------------|-----------------------|
|-----------------|-------------|-----------------------|

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**General advice** Move out of dangerous area. Place and transport victim in stable position

(lying sideways). Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of

safely.

**Inhalation** Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or poison

control center immediately.

**Skin contact** Wash off thoroughly with plenty of soap and water, if available with

polyethyleneglycol 400, subsequently rinse with water. If symptoms persist,

call a physician.

**Eye contact** Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at

least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes,

then continue rinsing eye. Get medical attention if irritation develops and

persists.

**Ingestion** Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control

center immediately.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Symptoms** No symptoms known or expected.

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Treatment** Treat symptomatically. Gastric lavage is not normally required.

However, if a significant amount (more than a mouthful) has been

ingested, administer activated charcoal and sodium sulphate. There is no specific antidote.

#### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or

carbon dioxide.

**Unsuitable** High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising

from the substance or

mixture

In the event of fire the following may be released:,

Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Carbon monoxide

(CO), Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Hydrogen fluoride

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective

equipment for fire-fighters

In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing

apparatus.

• •

**Further information** Contain the spread of the fire-fighting media. Do not

allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Precautions** Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces. Use

personal protective equipment.

6.2 Environmental

precautions

Do not allow to get into surface water, drains and ground water. If spillage enters drains leading to sewage works inform local water company immediately. If spillage enters rivers or watercourses, inform

company infinediately. If spinage enters fivers of watercourses, finon

the Environment Agency (emergency telephone number 0800

807060).

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid

binder, universal binder, sawdust). Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. Keep in

suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other

sections

Information regarding safe handling, see section 7.

Information regarding personal protective equipment, see section 8.

Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.

#### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling No specific precautions required when handling unopened

packs/containers; follow relevant manual handling advice. Ensure

adequate ventilation.

**Advice on protection** No special precautions required.

against fire and explosion

Hygiene measures Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep working clothes

separately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Wash hands immediately after work, if necessary take a shower. Remove soiled clothing immediately and clean thoroughly before using again. Garments that cannot be cleaned must be destroyed (burnt).

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated areas and containers

place. Store in original container. Store in a place accessible by

authorized persons only. Protect from frost. Keep away from

direct sunlight.

Advice on common storage

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Suitable materials 7.3 Specific end uses HDPE (high density polyethylene) Refer to the label and/or leaflet.

#### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1 Control parameters

| Components      | CAS-No.         | Control            | Update | Basis    |
|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------|----------|
|                 |                 | parameters         |        |          |
| Tebuconazole    | 107534-96-3     | 0.2 mg/m3<br>(TWA) |        | OES BCS* |
| Trifloxystrobin | 141517-21-7 2.7 | mg/m3<br>(TWA)     |        | OES BCS* |
| Urea            | 57-13-6         | 10 mg/m3           |        | OES BCS* |

<sup>\*</sup>OES BCS: Internal Bayer CropScience "Occupational Exposure Standard"

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Refer to COSHH assessment (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (Amendment) Regulations 2004). Engineering controls should be used in preference to personal protective equipment wherever practicable. Refer also to COSHH Essentials.

#### Personal protective equipment

In normal use and handling conditions please refer to the label and/or leaflet. In all other cases the following recommendations would apply.

Respiratory protection Respiratory protection is not required under anticipated circumstances

of exposure.

Respiratory protection should only be used to control residual risk of short duration activities, when all reasonably practicable steps have been taken to reduce exposure at source e.g. containment and/or local extract ventilation. Always follow respirator manufacturer's

instructions regarding wearing and maintenance.

**Hand protection** Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and

breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the

contact time.

Wash gloves when contaminated. Dispose of when contaminated inside, when perforated or when contamination on the outside cannot be removed. Wash hands frequently and always before eating,

drinking, smoking or using the toilet.

Material Nitrile rubber

Rate of permeability > 480 min Glove thickness > 0.4 mm Protective index Class 6

Directive Protective gloves complying with EN 374. Wear goggles (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or equivalent).

**Eye protection** Wear goggles (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or **Skin and body protection** Wear standard coveralls and Category 3 Type 6 suit.

If there is a risk of significant exposure, consider a higher protective

type suit.

Wear two layers of clothing wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or cotton overalls should be worn under chemical protection suit and

should be professionally laundered frequently.

#### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form suspension

Colour white

Odour weak, characteristic pH 6 - 8 at 100 % (23 °C)

Flash point >100 °C

No flash point - Determination conducted up to the boiling point.

Autoignition temperature 415 °C

**Density** ca. 1.10 g/cm³ at 20 °C **Partition coefficient: n-** Tebuconazole: log Pow: 3.7

noctanol/water

Trifloxystrobin: log Pow: 4.5 at 25 °C

Viscosity, dynamic 0.12 Pas at 40 °C

Viscosity, kinematic < 0.001 mm2/s at 40 °C

**Surface tension** 34.5 mN/m **Explosivity** Not explosive

**9.2 Other information** Further safety related physical-chemical data are not known.

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1 Reactivity

**Thermal decomposition** Stable under normal conditions.

**10.2 Chemical stability** Stable under recommended storage conditions.

**10.3 Possibility of**No hazardous reactions when stored and handled according to

**hazardous reactions** prescribed instructions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

**10.5 Incompatible materials** Store only in the original container.

**10.6 Hazardous** No decomposition products expected under normal conditions of use.

decomposition products

#### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity LD50 (rat) ca. 2,500 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity LC50 (rat) > 2.43 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Highest attainable concentration.

Determined in the form of a respirable aerosol.

**Acute dermal toxicity** LD50 (rat) > 4,000 mg/kg **Skin irritation** No skin irritation (rabbit)

**Eye irritation** Slight irritant effect - does not require labelling. (rabbit)

Sensitisation Non-sensitizing. (guinea pig)

OECD Test Guideline 406, Magnusson & Kligman test

## Assessment repeated dose toxicity

Tebuconazole did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies. Trifloxystrobin did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

## Assessment mutagenicity

Tebuconazole was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests. Trifloxystrobin was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

## **Assessment carcinogenicity**

Tebuconazole caused at high dose levels an increased incidence of tumours in mice in the following organ(s): liver. The mechanism of tumour formation is not considered to be relevant to man.

Trifloxystrobin was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

## Assessment toxicity to reproduction

Tebuconazole caused reproduction toxicity in a two-generation study in rats only at dose levels also toxic to the parent animals. The reproduction toxicity seen with Tebuconazole is related to parental toxicity.

Trifloxystrobin caused reproduction toxicity in a two-generation study in rats only at dose levels also toxic to the parent animals. The reproduction toxicity seen with Trifloxystrobin is related to parental toxicity.

## Assessment developmental toxicity

Tebuconazole caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. Tebuconazole caused an increased incidence of post implantation losses, an increased incidence of non-specific malformations.

Trifloxystrobin caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Trifloxystrobin are related to maternal toxicity.

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1 Toxicity

**Toxicity to fish** LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) 0.286 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

**Toxicity to aquatic** EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) 0.224 mg/l

**invertebrates** Exposure time: 48 h

Chronic toxicity to aquatic NOEC (Daphnia (water flea)): 0.010 mg/l

**invertebrates** Exposure time: 21 d

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient

tebuconazole.

**Toxicity to aquatic plants** EC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)) 0.99

mg/l

Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Biodegradability** Tebuconazole:

not rapidly biodegradable

Trifloxystrobin:

not rapidly biodegradable Tebuconazole: Koc: 769 Trifloxystrobin: Koc: 2377

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulation** Tebuconazole: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 35 - 59

Does not bioaccumulate.

Trifloxystrobin: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 431

Does not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Koc

**Mobility in soil** Tebuconazole: Slightly mobile in soils

Trifloxystrobin: Slightly mobile in soils

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT and vPvB assessment Tebuconazole: This substance is not considered to be

persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative

(vPvB).

Trifloxystrobin: This substance is not considered to be

persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative

(vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

Additional ecological

information

No other effects to be mentioned.

**SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS** 

13.1 Waste treatment methods

**Product** In accordance with current regulations and, if necessary, after

consultation with the site operator and/or with the responsible authority, the product may be taken to a waste disposal site or

incineration plant.

Advice may be obtained from the local waste regulation authority (part of the Environment Agency in the UK). Small containers (< 10 l or < 10 kg) should be rinsed

Contaminated packaging Small containers (< 10 l or < 10 kg) should be rinsed

thoroughly using an integrated pressure rinsing device, or, by

manually rinsing three times.

Add washings to sprayer at time of filling.

Dispose of empty and cleaned packaging safely.

Large containers (> 25 I or > 25 kg) should not be rinsed or re

used for any other purpose.

Return large containers to supplier.

Follow advice on product label and/or leaflet.

Waste key for the unused product

**02 01 08\*** agrochemical waste containing dangerous

substances

#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### ADR/RID/ADN

14.1 UN number **3082** 

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(TEBUCONAZOLE, TRIFLOXYSTROBIN SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 9
14.4 Packing group III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark YES
Hazard no. 90
Tunnel Code E

This classification is in principle not valid for carriage by tank vessel on inland waterways. Please refer to the manufacturer for further information.

#### **IMDG**

14.1 UN number 3082

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(TEBUCONAZOLE, TRIFLOXYSTROBIN SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)914.4 Packing group14.5 Marine pollutantYES

#### IATA

14.1 UN number 3082

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(TEBUCONAZOLE, TRIFLOXYSTROBIN SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 914.4 Packing group III14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark YES

#### **UK 'Carriage' Regulations**

14.1 UN number **3082** 

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(TEBUCONAZOLE, TRIFLOXYSTROBIN SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 9
14.4 Packing group III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark YES
Emergency action code 3Z

## 14.6 Special precautions for user

See sections 6 to 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

## 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

No transport in bulk according to the IBC Code.

#### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## **UK and Northern Ireland Regulatory References**

This material may be subject to some or all of the following regulations (and any subsequent amendments). Users must ensure that any uses and restrictions as indicated on the label and/or leaflet are followed.

#### **Transport**

Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 1348)

Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997 (SI 1997 No 2367)

Air Navigation Dangerous Goods Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2786)

## Supply and Use

Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 716) Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) (Northern Ireland) Regulations 2009 Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2677)

EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits - Table 1 List of approved workplace exposure limits Control of Pesticide Regulations 1986

Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002

#### **Waste Treatment**

Environmental Protection Act 1990, Part II

Environmental Protection (Duty of Care) Regulations 1991

The Waste Management Licensing Regulations 1994 (as amended)

Hazardous Waste Regulations 2005 (Replacing Special Waste Regulations 1996 as amended) Landfill Directive

Regulation on Substances That Deplete the Ozone Layer 1994 (EEC/3093/94)

Water Resources Act 1991

Anti-Pollution Works Regulations 1999

#### Further information

WHO-classification: III (Slightly hazardous)

#### **15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment**

A chemical safety assessment is not required.

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

## Text of the hazard statements mentioned in Section 3

| H301 | Toxic if swallowed.                      |
|------|--|
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed.                    |
| H311 | Toxic in contact with skin.              |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation.                  |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction.     |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage.               |
|      |  |

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

**Inland Waterways** 

ADR European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road

ATE Acute toxicity estimate (ATE)

CAS-Nr. Chemical Abstracts Service number

Conc. Concentration

EC-No. European community number ECx Effective concentration to x %

EH40 WEL Worker Exposure Limit

EINECS European inventory of existing commercial substances

ELINCS European list of notified chemical substances

EN European Standard EU European Union

IATA International Air Transport Association

IBC International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying

Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk (IBC Code)

ICx Inhibition concentration to x %

IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LCx Lethal concentration to x %

LDx Lethal dose to x %

LOEC/LOEL Lowest observed effect concentration/level

MARPOL: International Convention for the prevention of marine pollution from ships

N.O.S. Not otherwise specified

NOEC/NOEL No observed effect concentration/level

OECD Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

RID Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

SI Statutory Instrument TWA Time weighted average

UN United Nations

WHO World health organisation

The above information is intended to give general health and safety guidance on the storage and transport of the product.

It is not intended to apply to the use of the product for which purposes the product label and any appropriate technical usage literature available should be consulted and any relevant licenses, consents or approvals complied with.

The requirements or recommendations of any relevant site or working procedure, system or policy in force or arising from any risk assessment involving the substance or product should take precedence over any of the guidance contained in this safety data sheet where there is a difference in the

information given.

The information provided in this safety data sheet is accurate at the date of publication and will be updated as and when appropriate.

# FUSION SAFETY DATA SHEET 26/10/18

No liability will be accepted for any injury, loss or damage resulting from any failure to take account of information or advice contained in this safety data sheet.